



## APPLIED TECHNOLOGY: A NEW ERA TO COME ?



**vivelys**

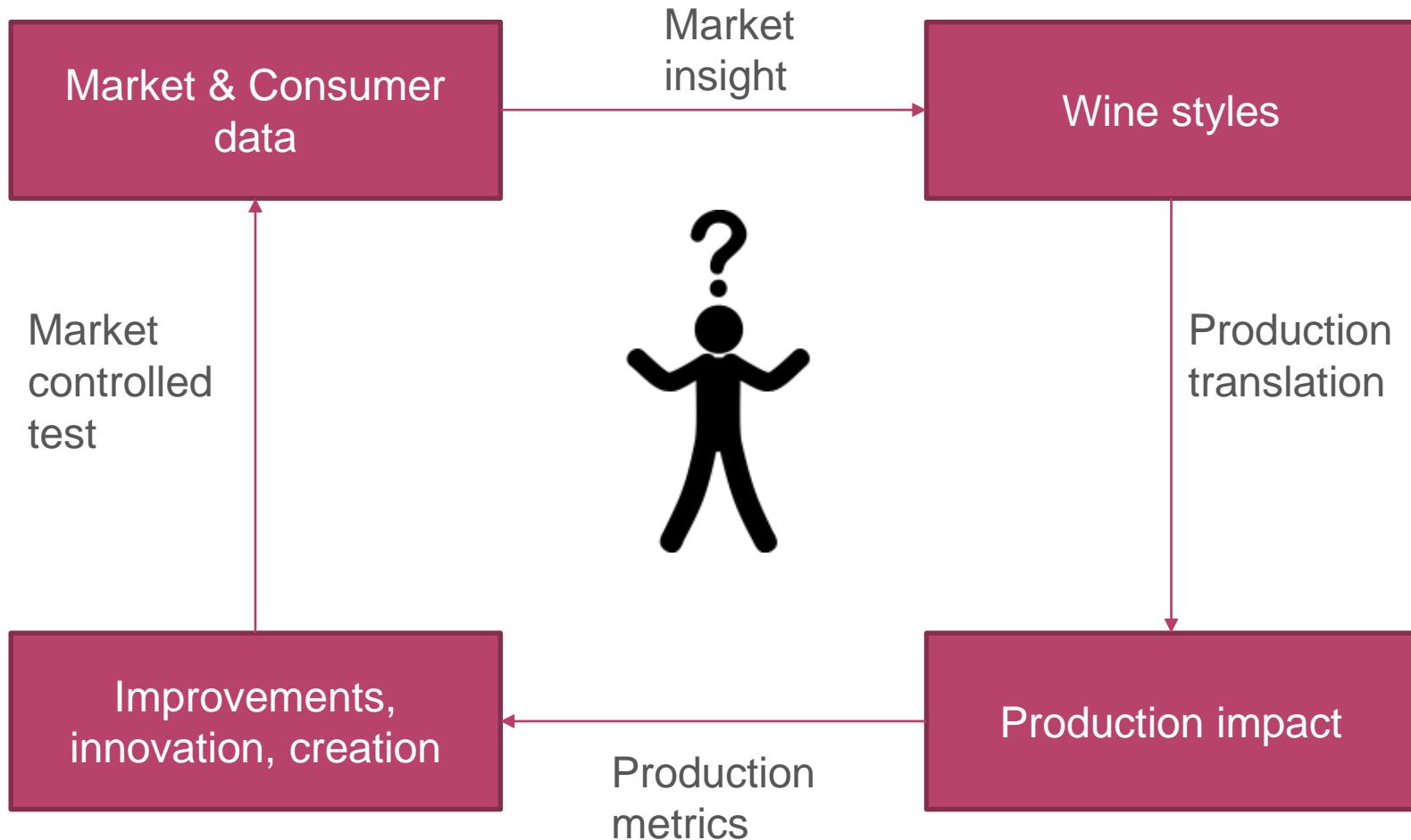
TASTE THE INNOVATION

---

YOUR MISSION IS TO KEEP  
IMPROVING CONSTANTLY PRODUCTS  
AND SERVICES WHICH IN TURN WILL  
REDUCE COSTS.

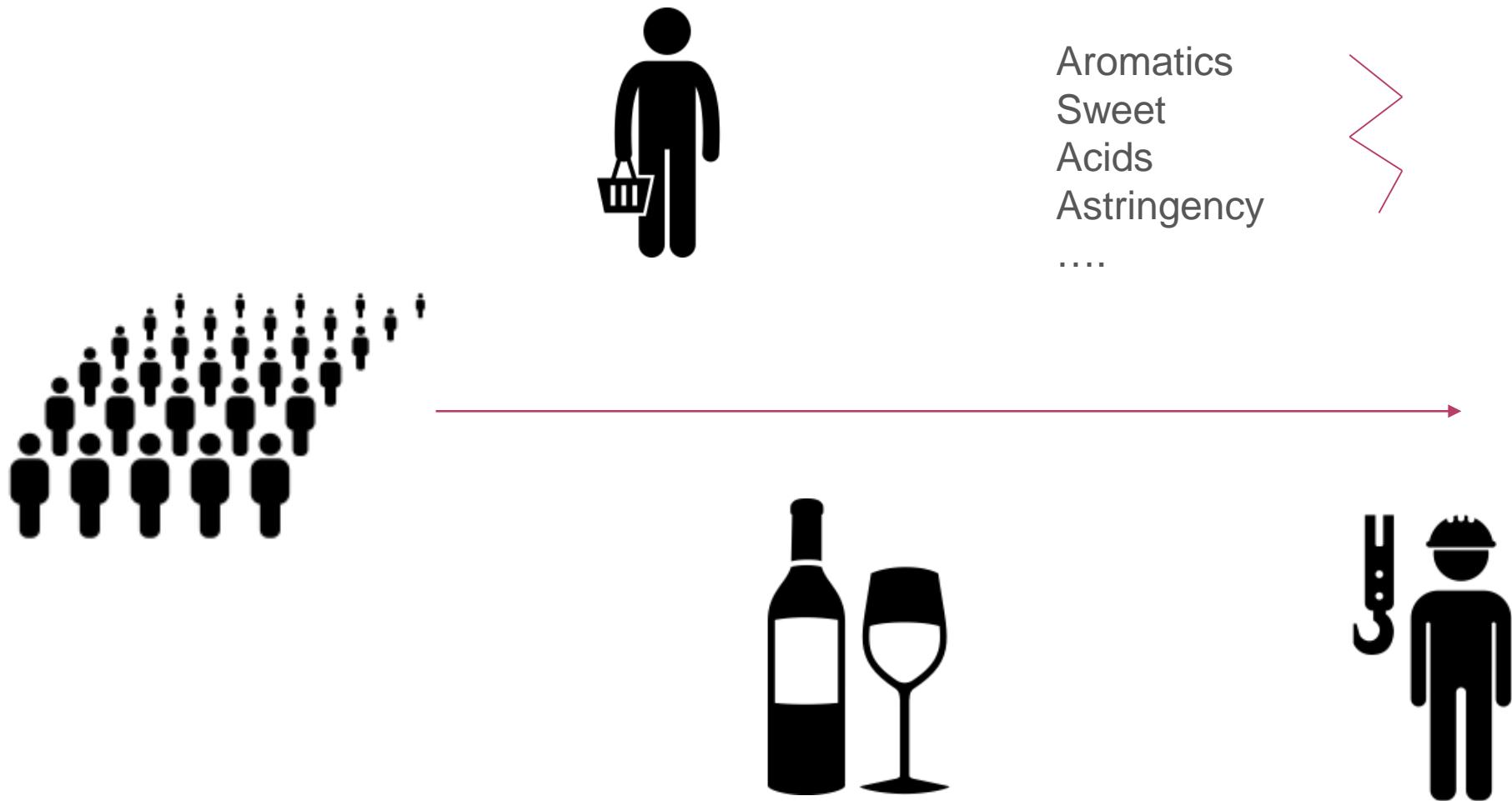
W. E. DEMING

# THE GROWING CHALLENGE



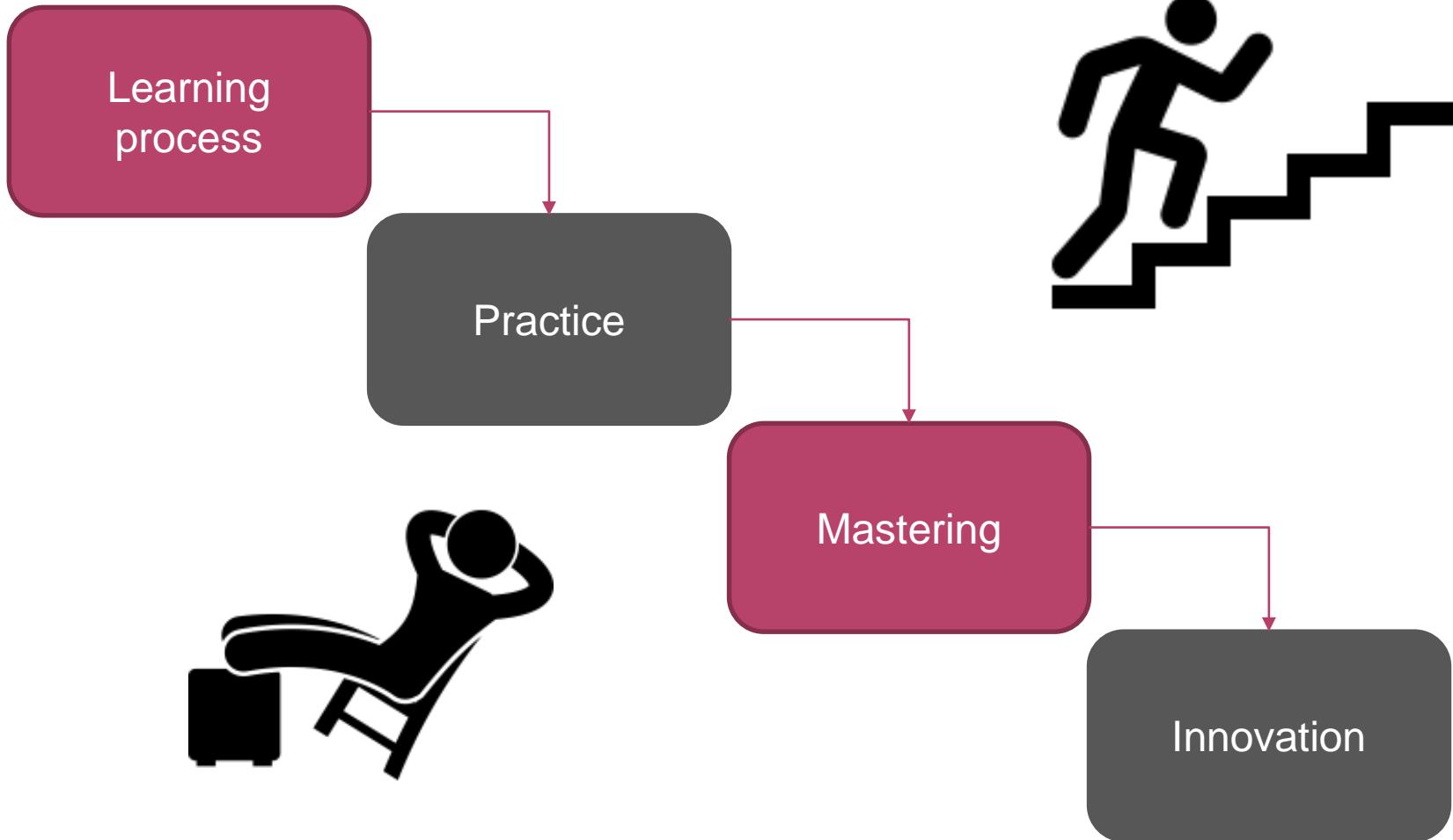
## FORECASTING – REVERSE

---



# ARE YOU COMFORTABLE WITH YOUR TECHNOLOGY, DATA? KEEP IMPROVING!

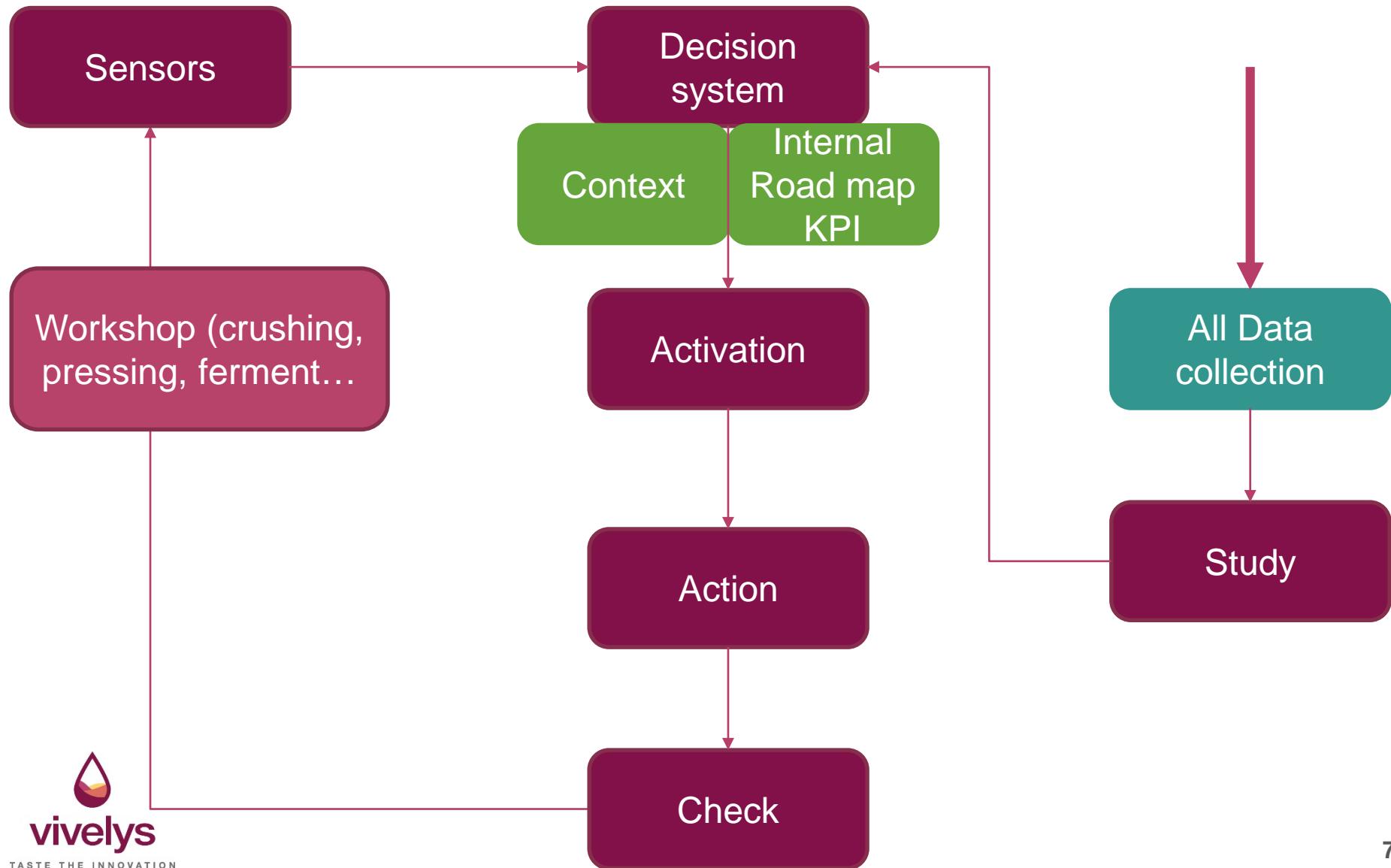
---



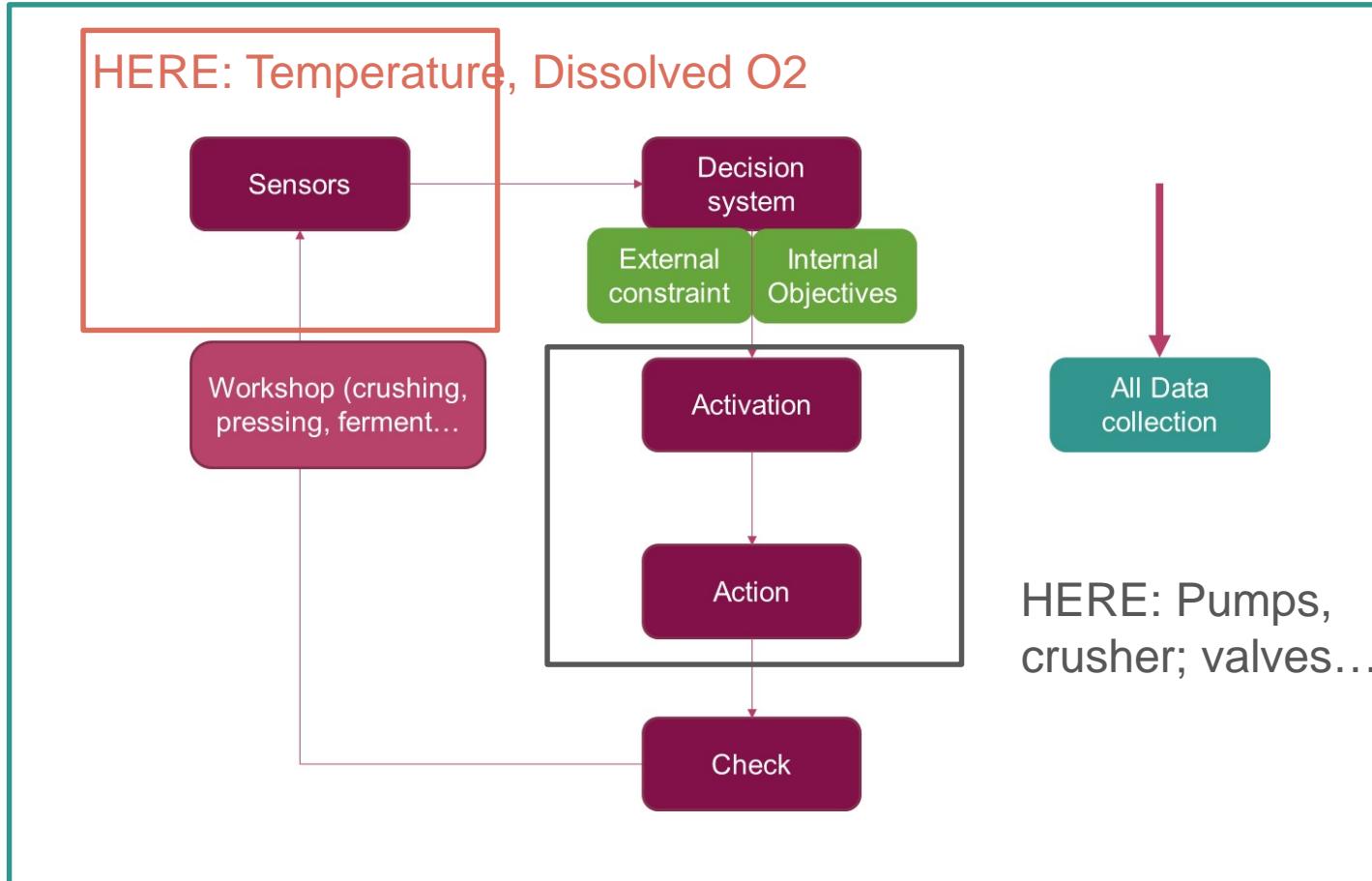


**SOME CONTEXT...**

# A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF ANY PRODUCTION WORKSHOP, AND TECHNOLOGY



# ANY APPLIED TECHNOLOGY CAN BE WORKING IN DIFFERENT PLACES LIKE



HERE:  
thermoregulation;  
sorting tables...

ANY OR ALL OF THIS CAN BE

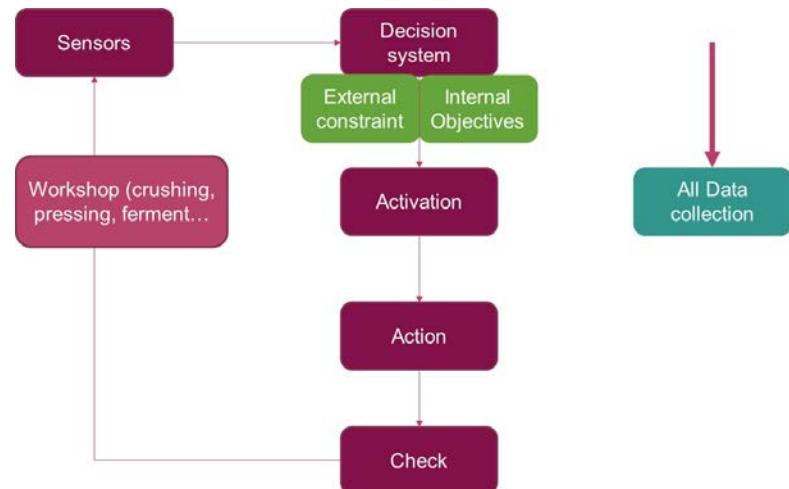
---

100% MANUAL

SEMI AUTOMATED

AUTOMATED

CLOCK BASED or  
KNOWLEDGE BASED



# CIM (COMPUTER INTEGRATED MANUFACTURING)

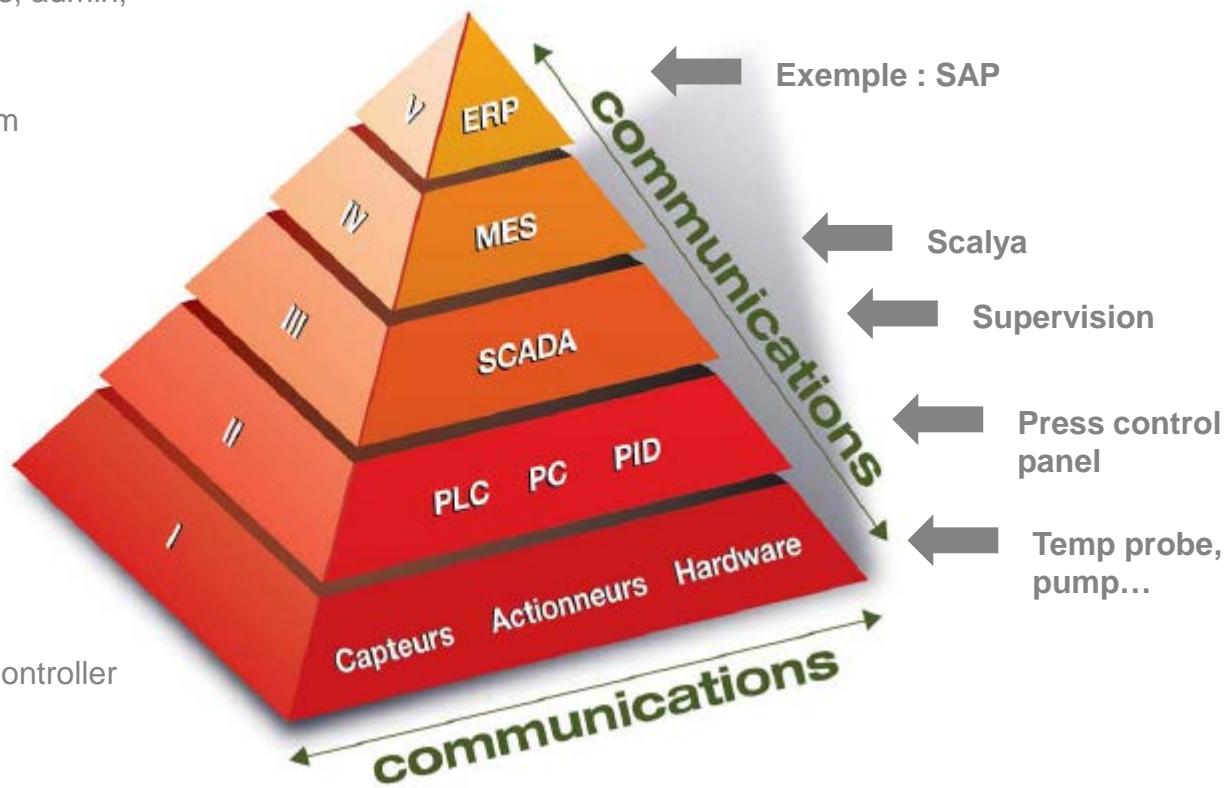
**V ERP** = Entreprise Resource Planning  
Plan all ressources of the company (sales, admin, HR....)

**IV MES** = Manufacturing Execution System

Data acquisition  
Scheduling  
Flow charts  
Traceability  
Quality control  
Process management  
Performance analysis  
Document management  
Maintenance management

**III SCADA** = Supervisory Control And Data Acquisition

**II Automate** = PLC Programmable Logic Controller





**BEING A SMALL WINERY OR THE  
LARGEST ONE DOES NOT PREVENT  
YOU TO ASK :**

**WHY DO WE NEED IT ?**

**WHAT DO WE NEED ?**

**HOW THIS WILL INCORPORATE THE  
WINERY ? PHYSICALLY, PROCESS,  
HUMAN...**

**GOING BEYOND ?**

# WHY DO WE NEED IT ? IN MOST CASES IT WILL BE LINKED TO...

---

QUALITY ?



VOLUME ?



COSTS ?



TIME ?

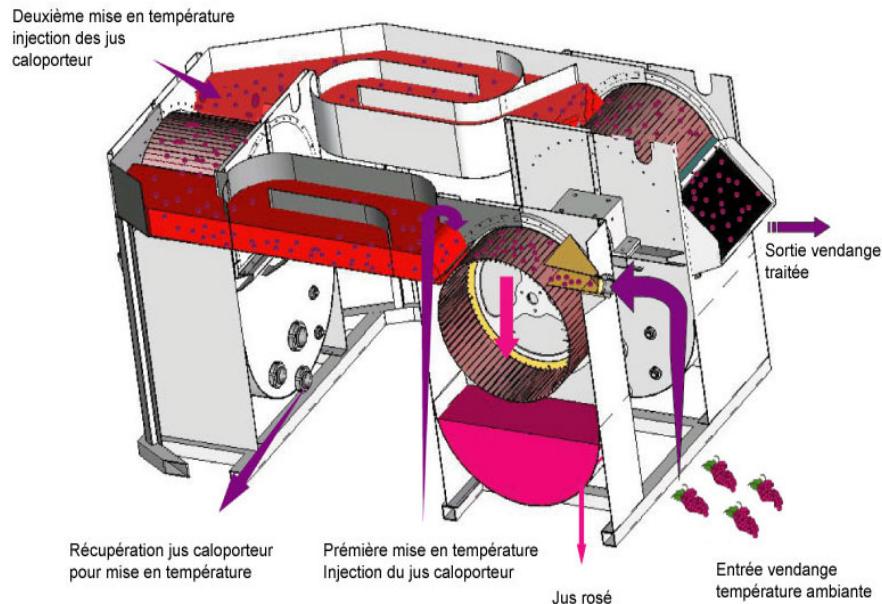


EFFORTS ?



ALL ?

# FIRST EXAMPLE AROUND QUALITY— PREVENTING DEFECTS AND CONSTANT IMPROVEMENT



When grape heating appeared in Europe it was created to correct a defect by destroying Laccase in grape and juices.

Then it appeared to be efficient in evaporating partially pyrazines.

As most of the time a vaccum filter was used behind with little control it ended up with Amilyc wines which flourished for a while

But controlling metrics or when added heated maceration, and or flash and you can now use it in many different ways, solids AF (MPC), AF in liquid phase (Thermo), Thermo-mix....

## FROM 1 PROCESS

---

Grape  
reception  
tank

Heating  
unit

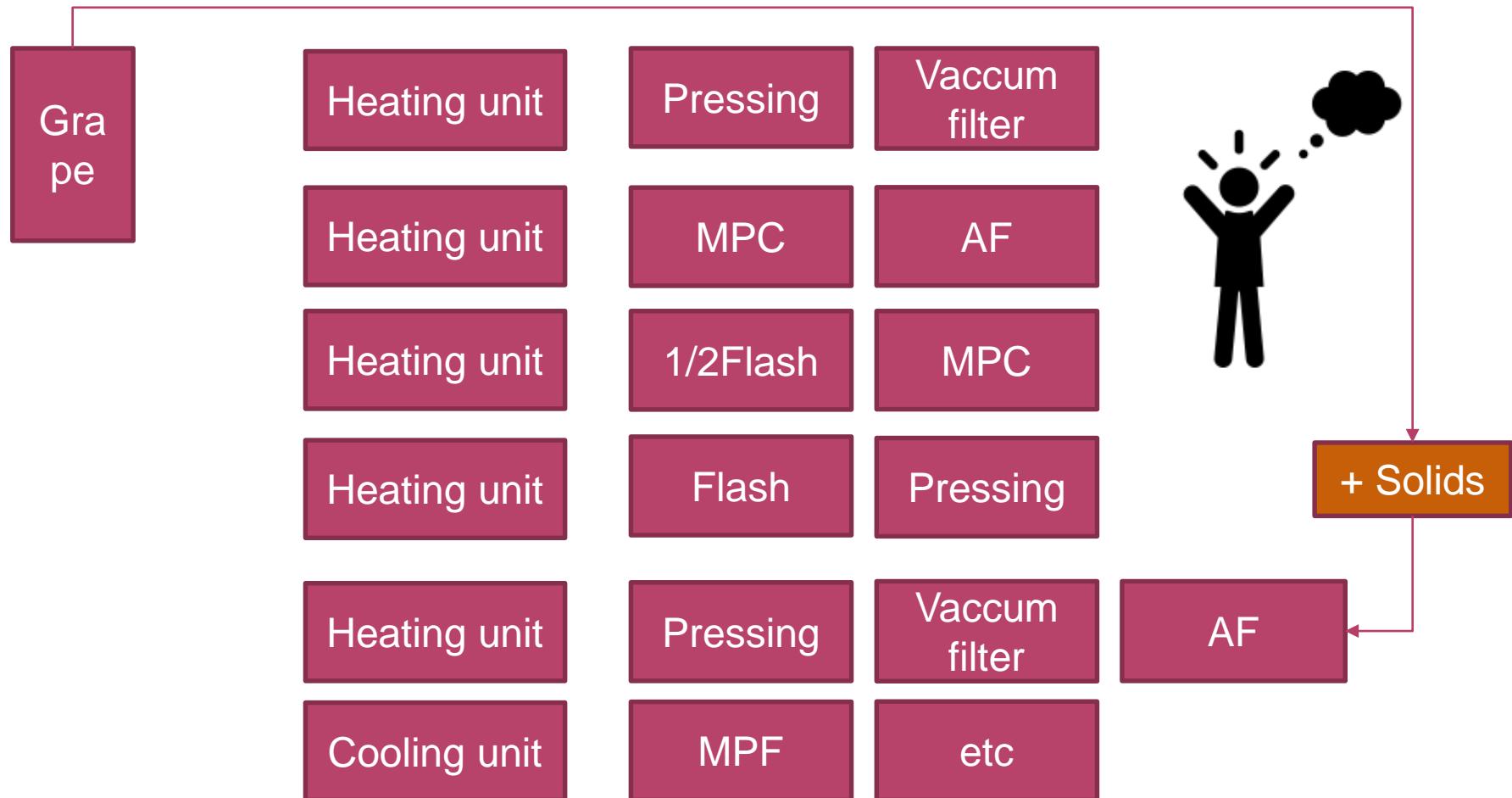
Pressing

Vaccum  
filter

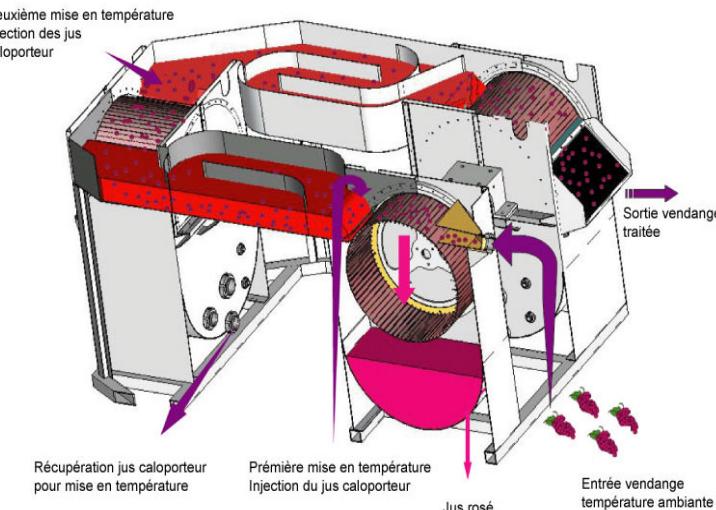
AF



# TOO MANY PROCESS



## FIRST EXAMPLE AROUND QUALITY – PREVENTING DEFECTS



Immediate technology impact

Laccase and pyrazines

Knowledge and process impact using the technology

Solid AF, Liquid AF, Mix – different wine styles and production efficiency

## WHAT FINAL IMPACT

---



QUALITY ?



COSTS ?

VOLUME ?



TIME ?



EFFORTS ?



ALL - YES...Hey,  
things never look that  
easy

Impact of K\$  
per year – ROI  
< 3 y

## CONCLUSION OF FIRST EXAMPLE

---

A technology can have a primary use for which it has been created but may be applied in very different ways. So, you may be using 20% of the technology.

In order to choose, decide what is good for me, in terms of technology, and process one should look to understand:

What product definition am I looking for ? (Wine style or profile)

What consequences in terms of production from final blend to grape ? (cost, human, ...)

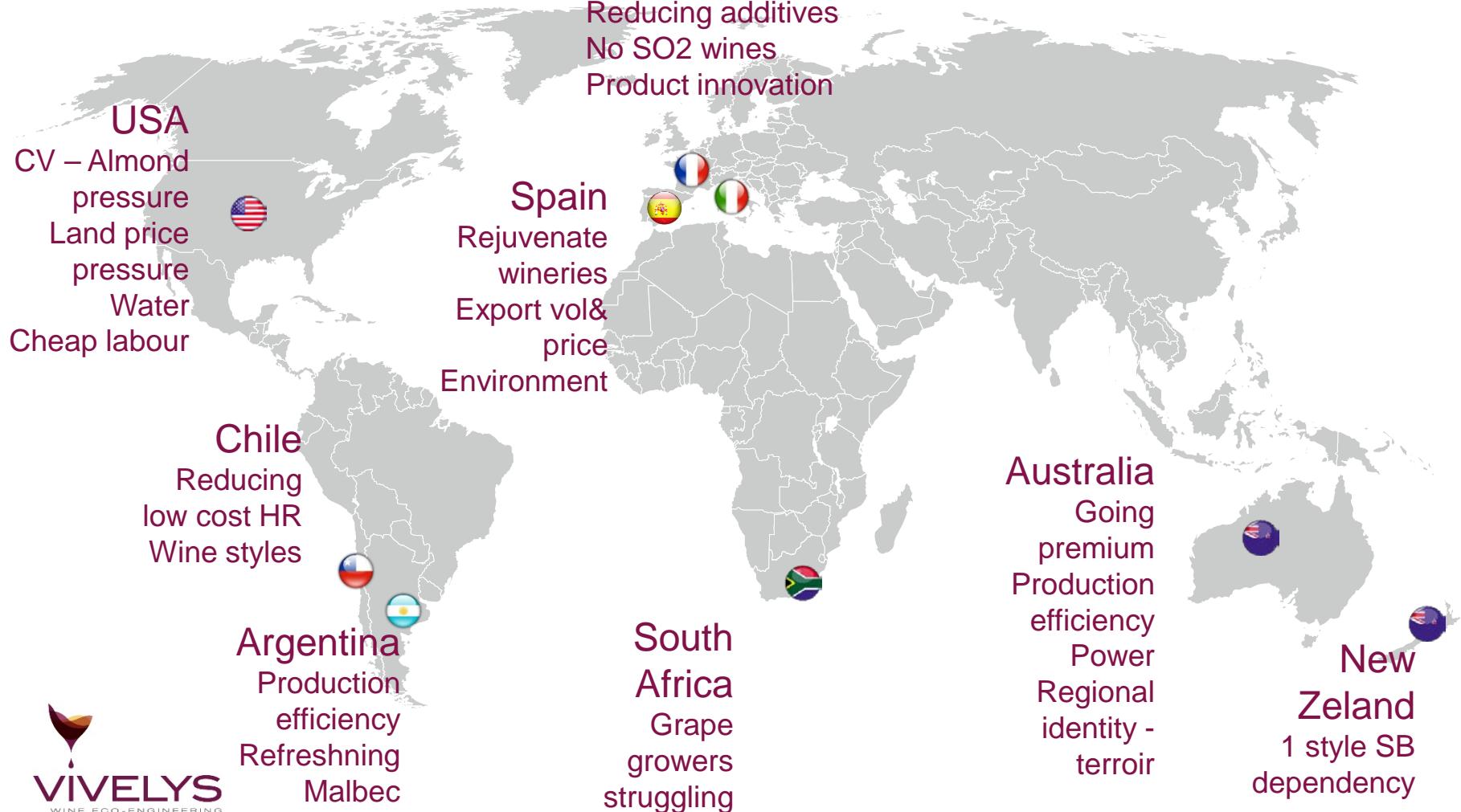
Which parameters will help me to reach the final goal and what decision system will help me ?

How will I be more efficient tomorrow ? ROI ?



**PRIMARY TECHNOLOGY FUNCTIONS ARE  
OFTEN THE RESULTS OF LOCAL PROBLEMS**

# WORLD CHALLENGES



**And everywhere:**

**Climate change**

**Consumer awareness**

**Energy**

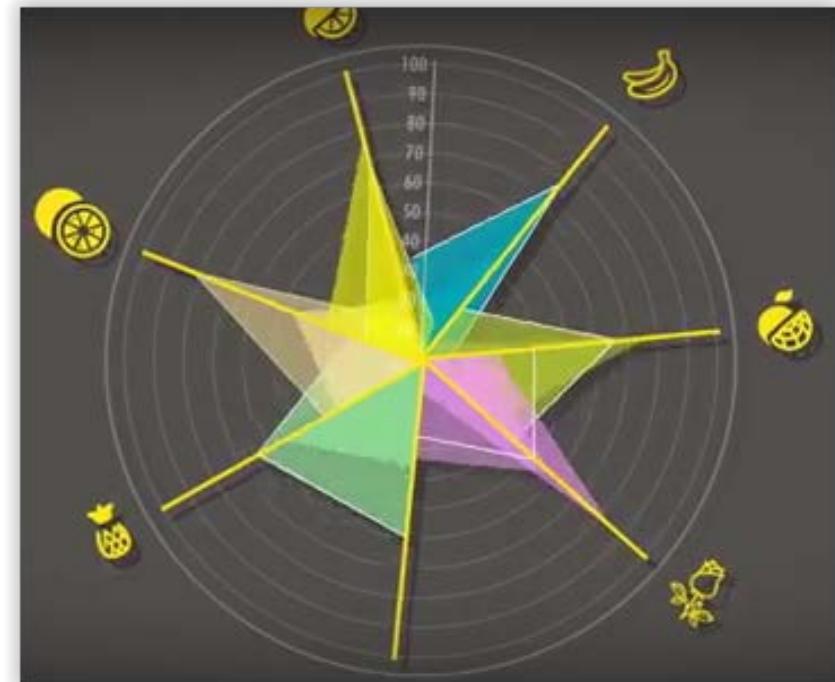
## SECOND EXAMPLE AROUND QUALITY – MARKETING TO PRODUCTION – IMPROVING PRODUCTS

Context: A fierce European bulk market competition.

A growing pressure on grape growers.

A South- West of France bulk company linking marketing to their production.

A need to create value linking market to production.



## SECOND EXAMPLE AROUND QUALITY – MARKETING TO PRODUCTION - IMPROVING QUALITY



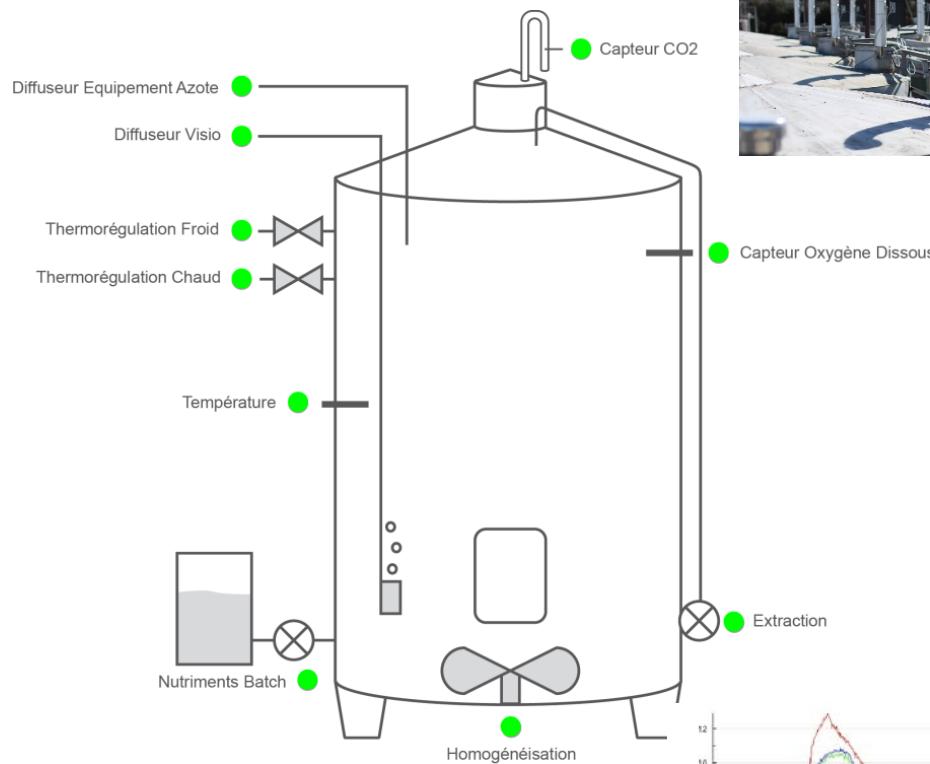
This creates a range of SB & Colombard wines on specific wine styles & price range



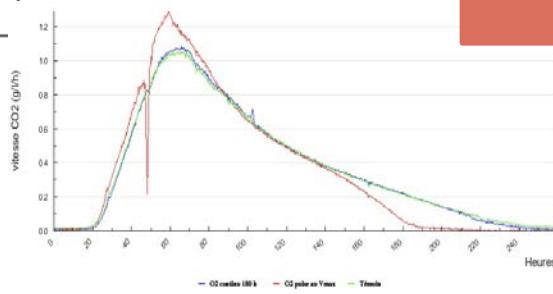
Harvest management has been key



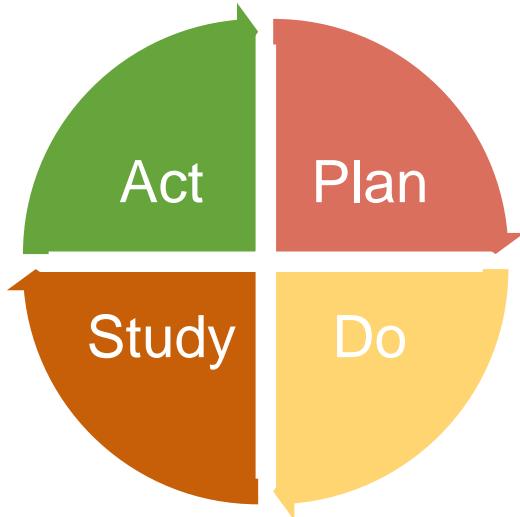
## SECOND EXAMPLE AROUND QUALITY – MARKETING TO PRODUCTION - IMPROVING QUALITY



AF under strict real time monitoring



# SECOND EXAMPLE AROUND QUALITY – MARKETING TO PRODUCTION - IMPROVING QUALITY



				Product goal SauvBlanc (voir standards sensoriels)	Super Premium
				Objectif Technique	
1	2	3	4		
Process stage	Mastering	Parameters	System/ tools		
Harvest	Grape characteristics	Maturation physiologique (chgmt/arrêt)	Dyostem		
		Teinte			
		TAP arrêt			
		Elements d'équilibre:			
		TAVP	Mesure chimique		
		AT			
		Nass			
Reception		Etat Sanitaire	Evaluation Terrain		
		Rendement		Pesée	
Pre ferment maceration	Extraction mgt	Mise en œuvre (O/N)			
		T°C de macération	non mesurable		
		Temps de macération			
Pressing	Extraction mgt	Programme pressurage	-		
		Sélection gouttes	-		
Pre ferment work – cold soak	Extraction mgt	Mise en œuvre			
		Temps (j)			
		T° (°C)			
		Turbidité cible (NTU)	Turbidimètre		
		Rendement réel/curve		Pesée	
Af start	Propagation	souche de levure			
		dose			
		concentration cellulaire			
	Aromatic mgt	Turbidité cible (NTU)	Turbidimètre		
		Nass (mg/L)			
		Correction azotée@ levurage (g/Hl)	Surveillance soft Scalya		
	Nitrogen mgt	Correction azotée@ Post Vmax (g/Hl)	Surveillance soft Scalya		

## CONCLUSION OF SECOND EXAMPLE

---

By working together between marketing and production, product definition has been improved. A common internal vocabulary has been created.

By writing down all metrics in production linked to final products, they have been able to improve process.

As a result in some products (whites) they have been able to push yields over 20 to 40% and increase product quality.

They have revised their production management.  
And they keep improving and innovating....





**TAKE DOWN BARRIERS BETWEEN  
DEPARTMENTS – W.E.DEMING**

**DON'T BE AFRAID TO CHANGE !**

# AN IMPACT ON WINE PRODUCTION – FROM VERTICAL

## Traceability

**Objectives of production**  
Vineyard data  
Grapes analyses  
Weather conditions  
Logistics

↓  
Grapes lots / qualities  
Harvest date

## Traceability

**Objectives of production**  
Grapes lots / qualities  
Reception analyses  
Logistics, tasting



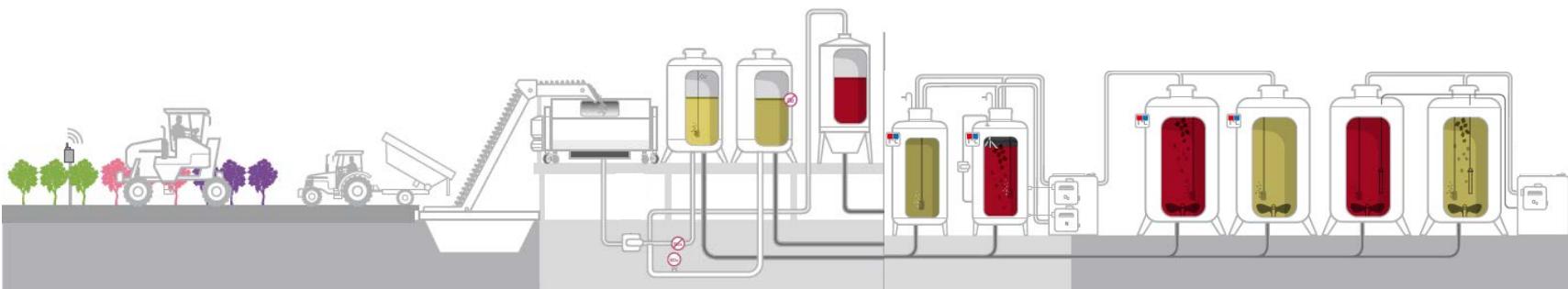
Extraction management  
(press programs, juice fraction selection, maceration time)

Fermentation management  
(yeast strain, T°C, supply)

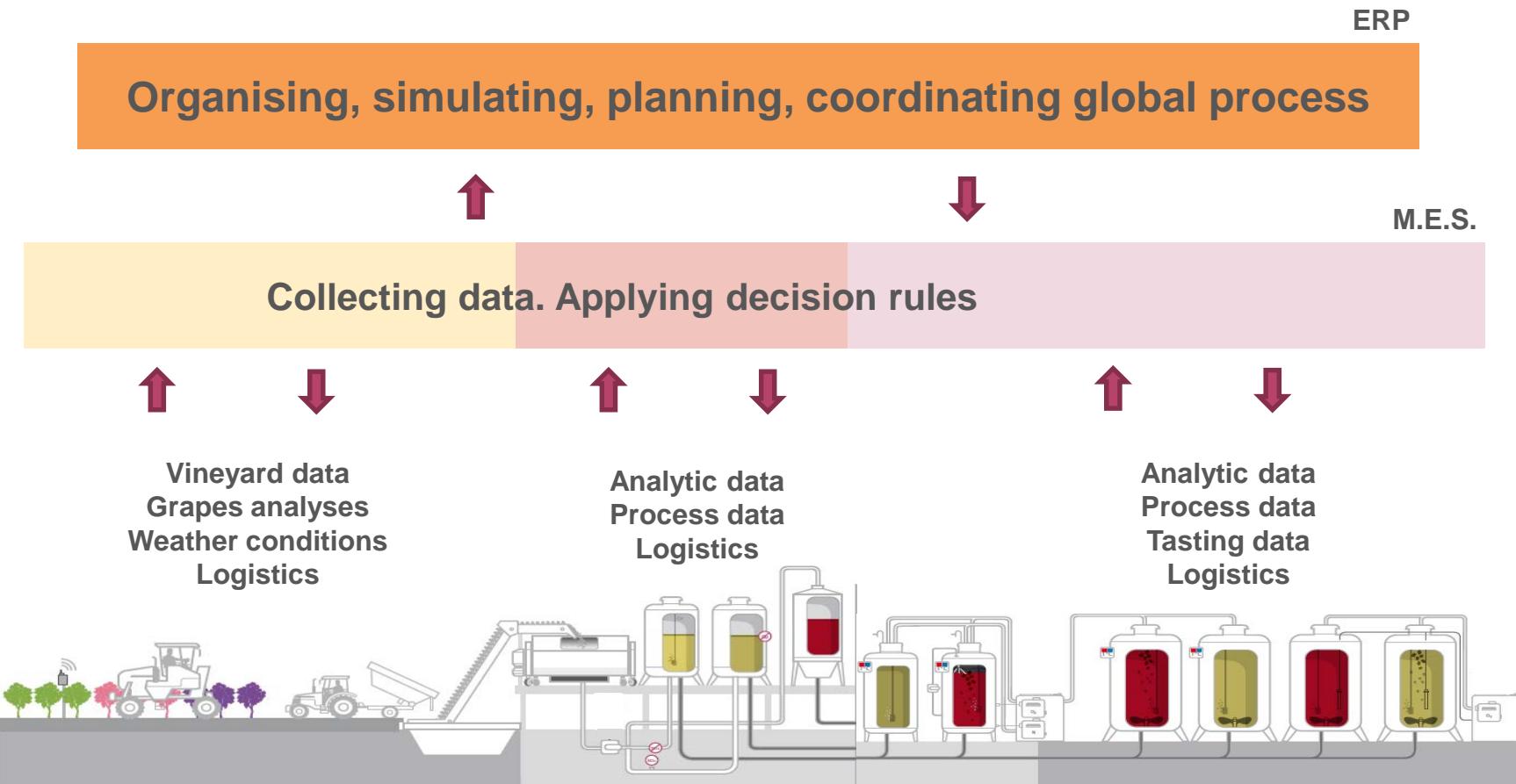
**Objectives of production**  
Wine batch/ quality  
Wine analyses  
Marketing  
Tasting



Ageing management  
(T°C, O2, oak, lees)



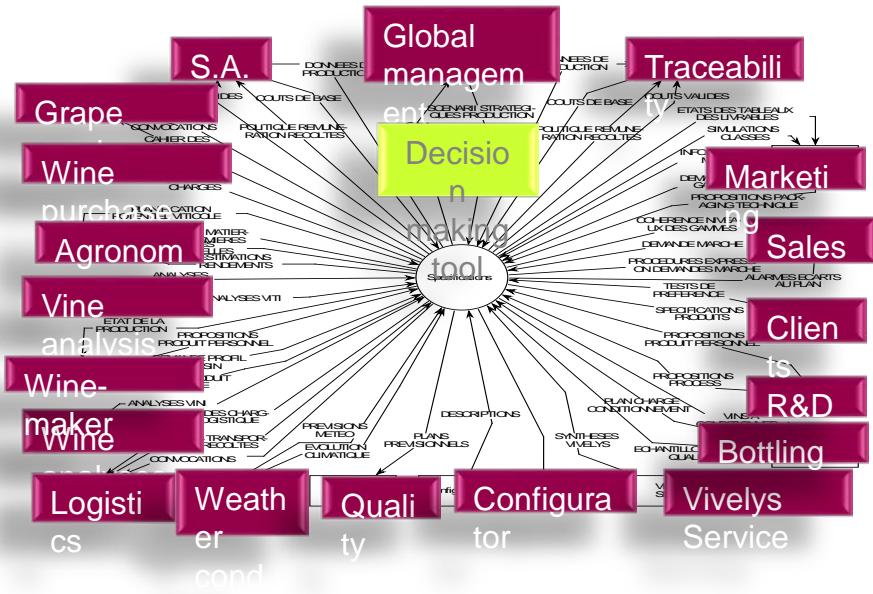
# TO TRANSVERSAL. NEED OF MES, AND LATER ERP





**AND TOMORROW !**

# TOMORROW



# ERP

& later Numerical Humanity !!

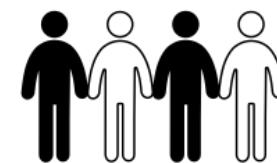
LEARNING



MEASURING



ALLIANCE



## CONCLUSION 2

---

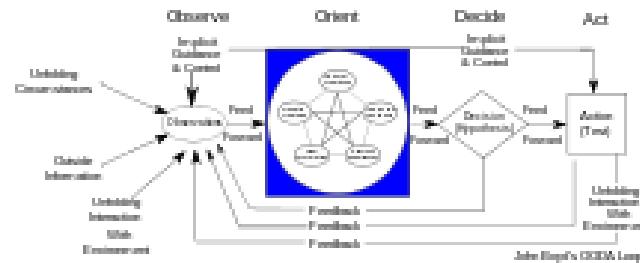
WHAT ABOUT TERROIR ?

IS IT WORTH IT \$WISE ?

## CONCLUSION 3 - SOME REFERENCES...

---

John Boyd – OODA loop



W.E. DEMING – The 14 Key principles/ 7 deadly diseases.

Walter A. Shewhart – PDCA/ PDSA

Raymond Vaillancourt – About uncertainty and changement  
(french sorry ! And from Quebec even tougher !)

[www.cio.com](http://www.cio.com)

---

ALONE YOU WILL GO FASTER,  
TOGETHER WE WILL GO FURTHER.

African Expression



**THANKS !!**

**THOMAS@VIVELYS.COM**



**vivelys**

TASTE THE INNOVATION