



# APPLIED TECHNOLOGY: A NEW ERA TO COME ?



TASTE THE INNOVATION

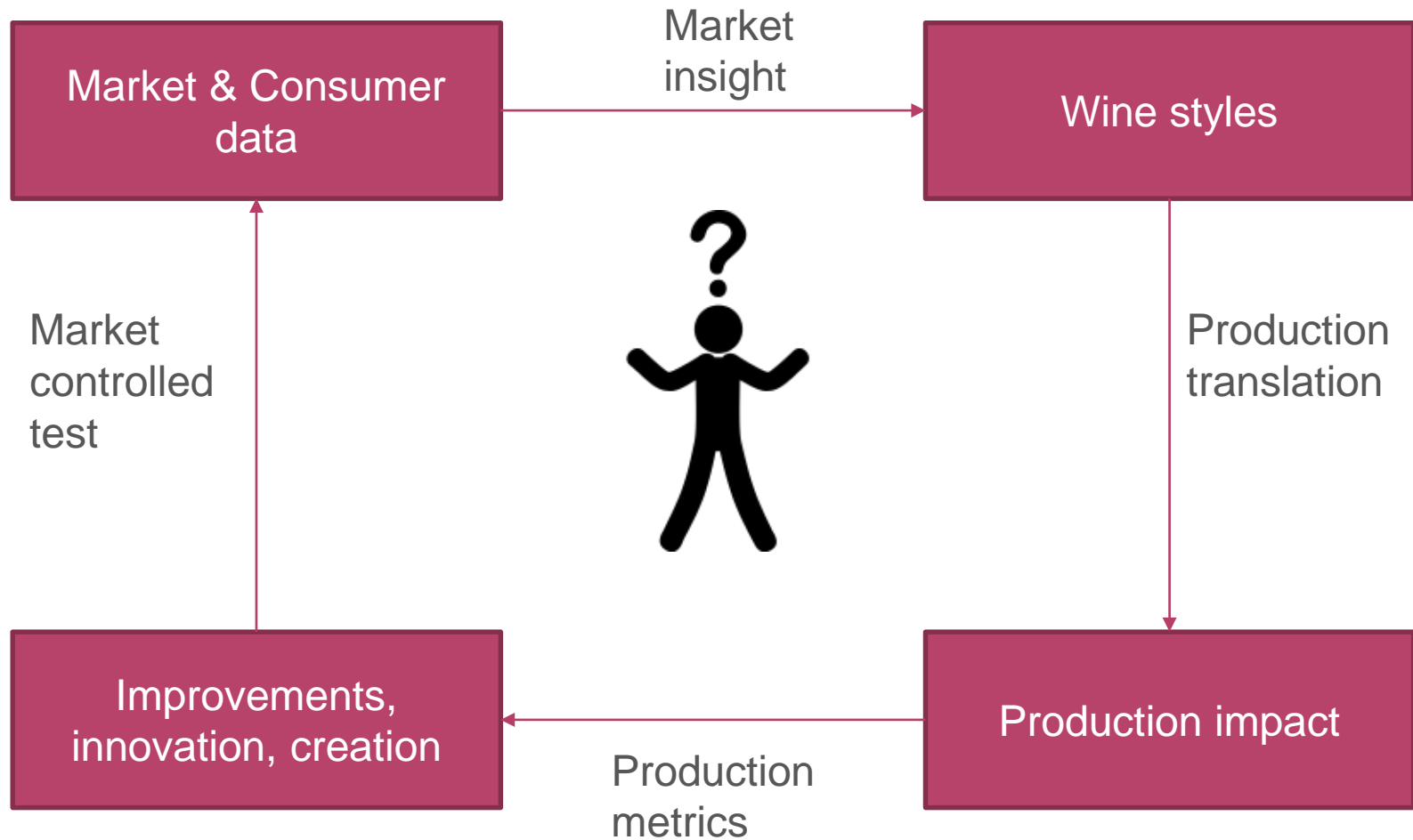
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YOUR MISSION IS TO KEEP  
IMPROVING CONSTANTLY PRODUCTS  
AND SERVICES WHICH IN TURN WILL  
REDUCE COSTS.

W. E. DEMING

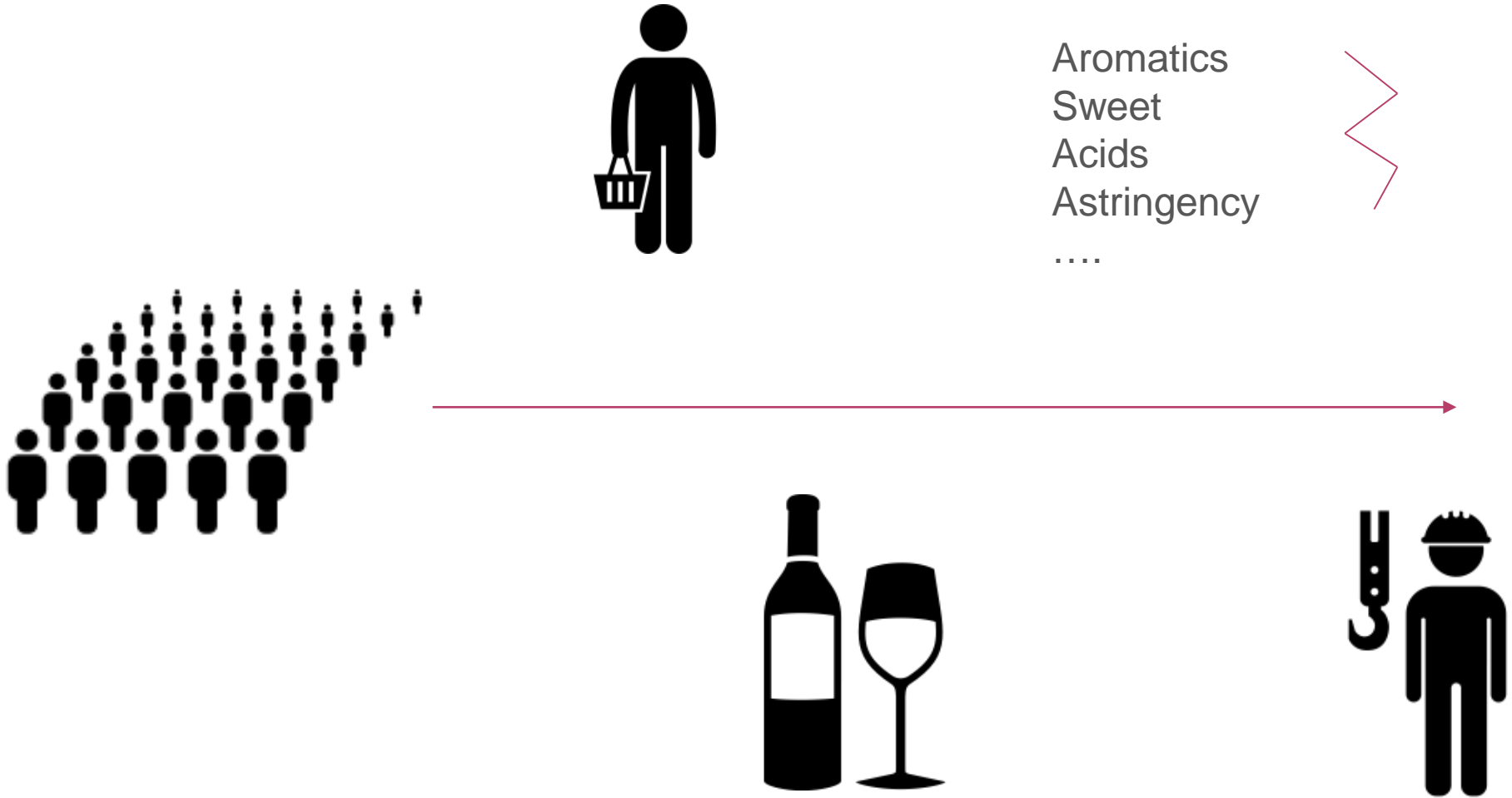
# THE GROWING CHALLENGE

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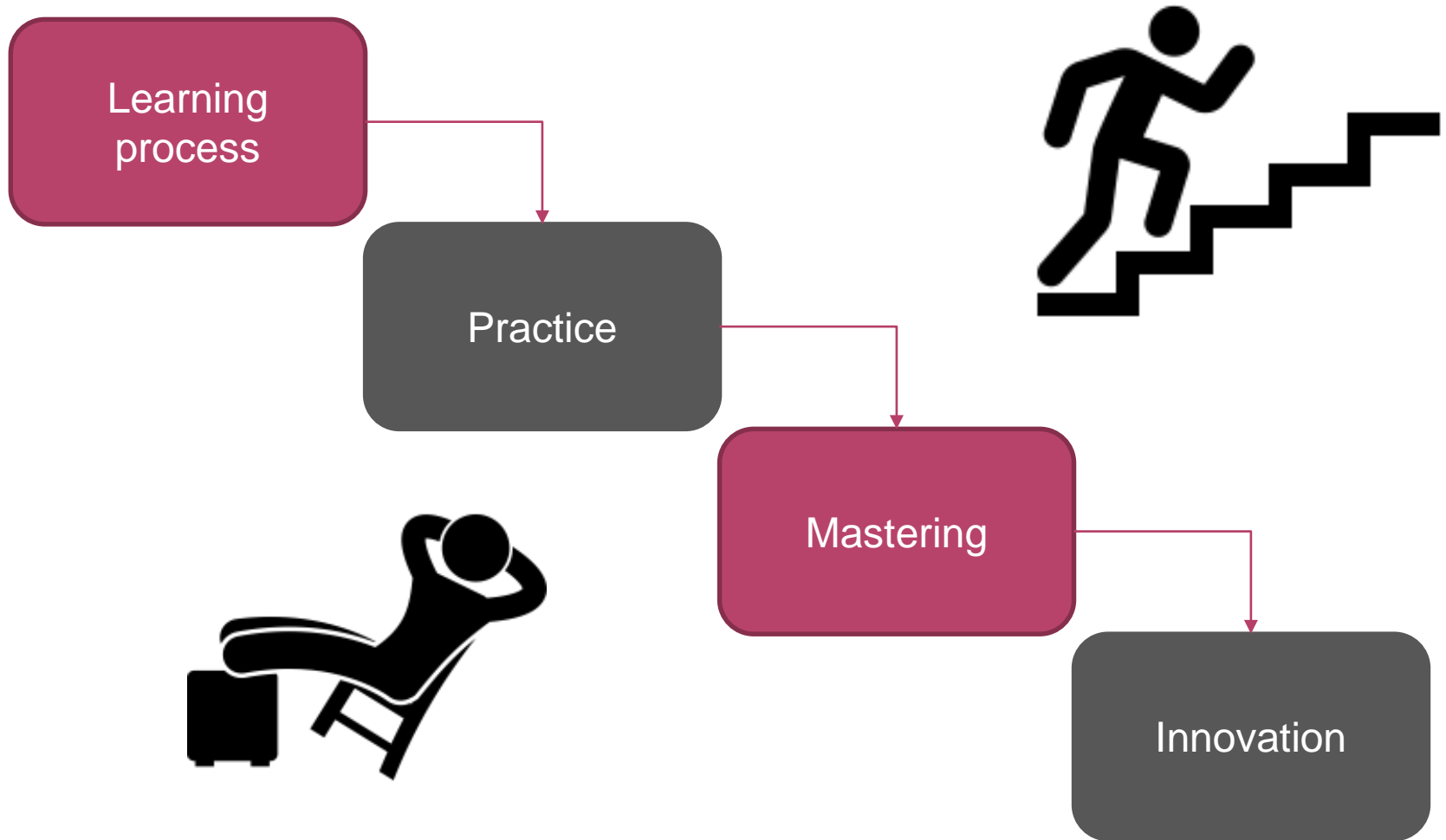
# FORECASTING – REVERSE

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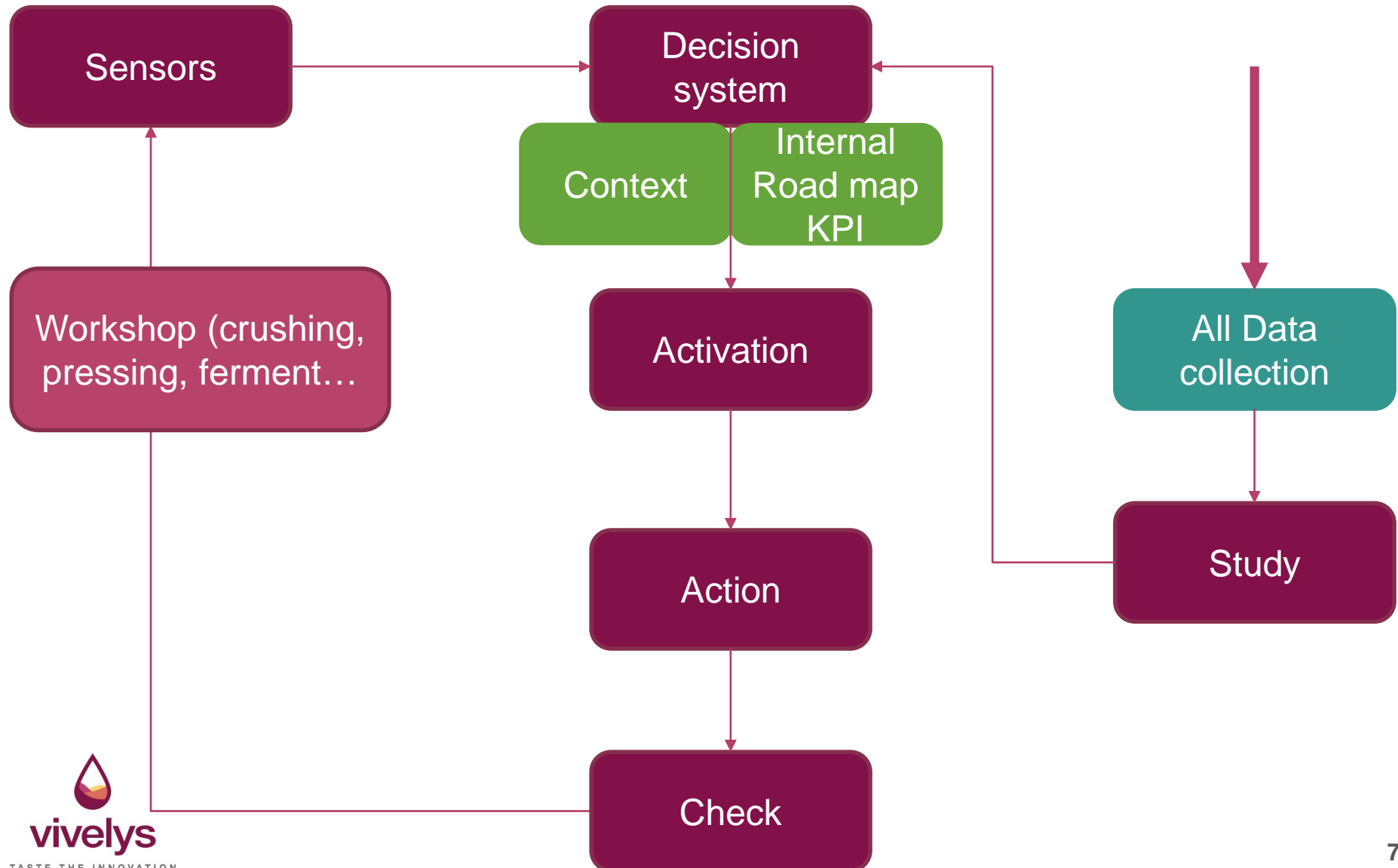
# ARE YOU COMFORTABLE WITH YOUR TECHNOLOGY, DATA? KEEP IMPROVING!

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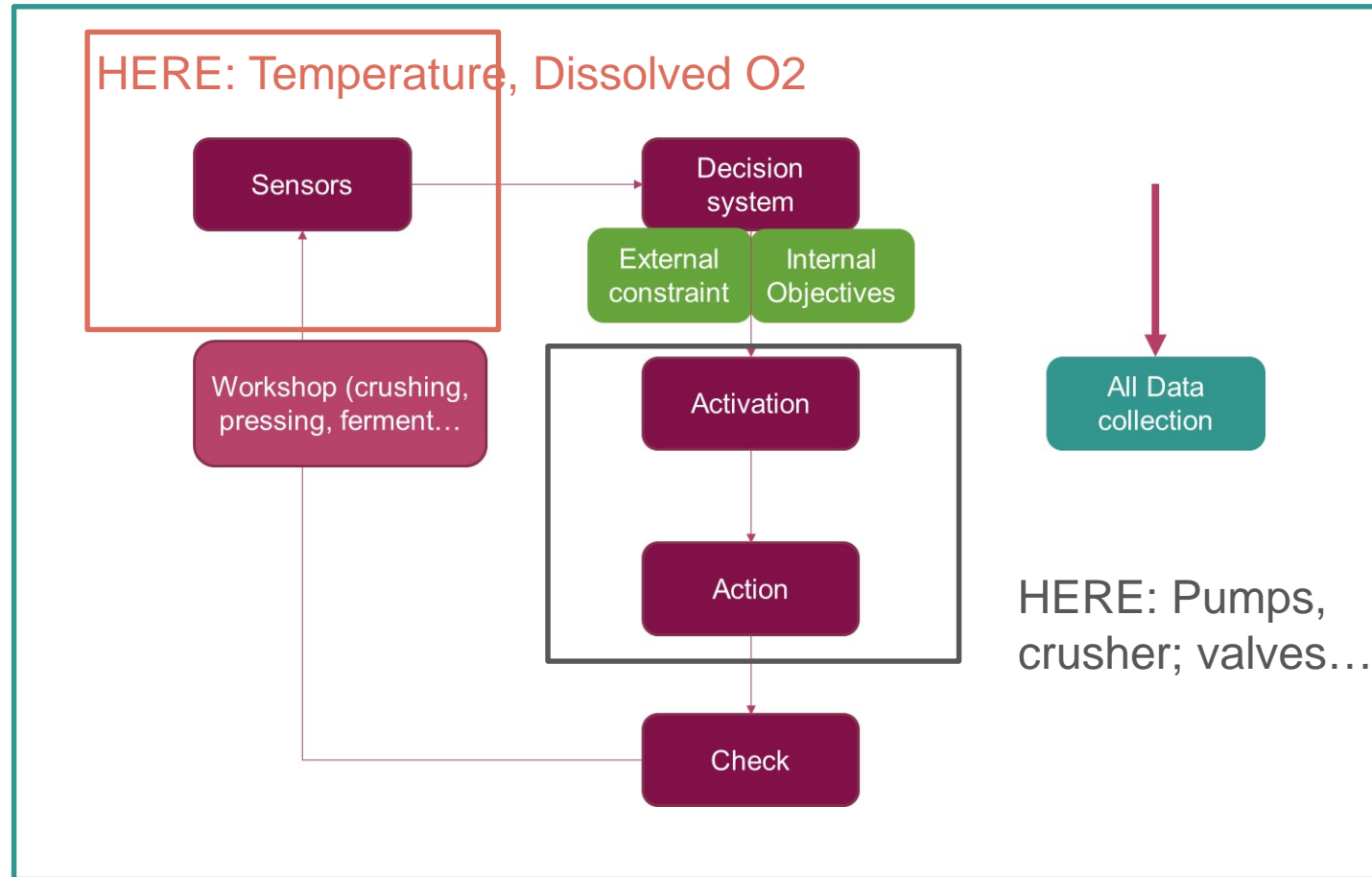


**SOME CONTEXT...**

# A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF ANY PRODUCTION WORKSHOP, AND TECHNOLOGY



## ANY APPLIED TECHNOLOGY CAN BE WORKING IN DIFFERENT PLACES LIKE



HERE:  
thermoregulation;  
sorting tables...



ANY OR ALL OF THIS CAN BE

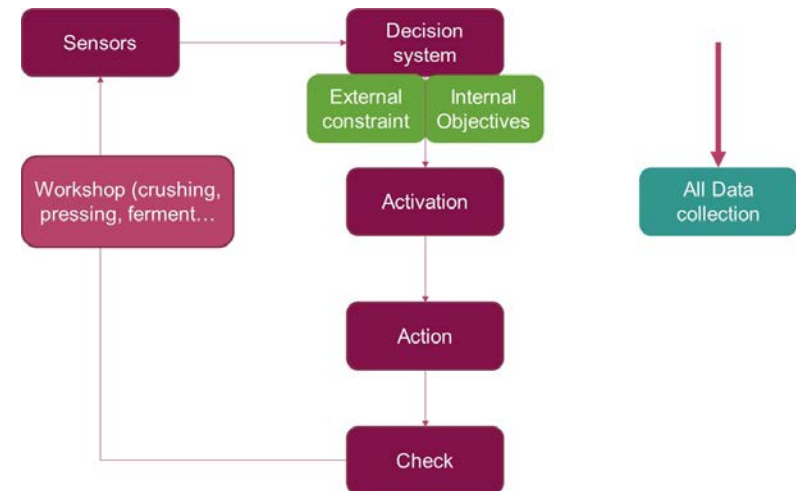
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100% MANUAL

SEMI AUTOMATED

AUTOMATED

CLOCK BASED or  
KNOWLEDGE BASED



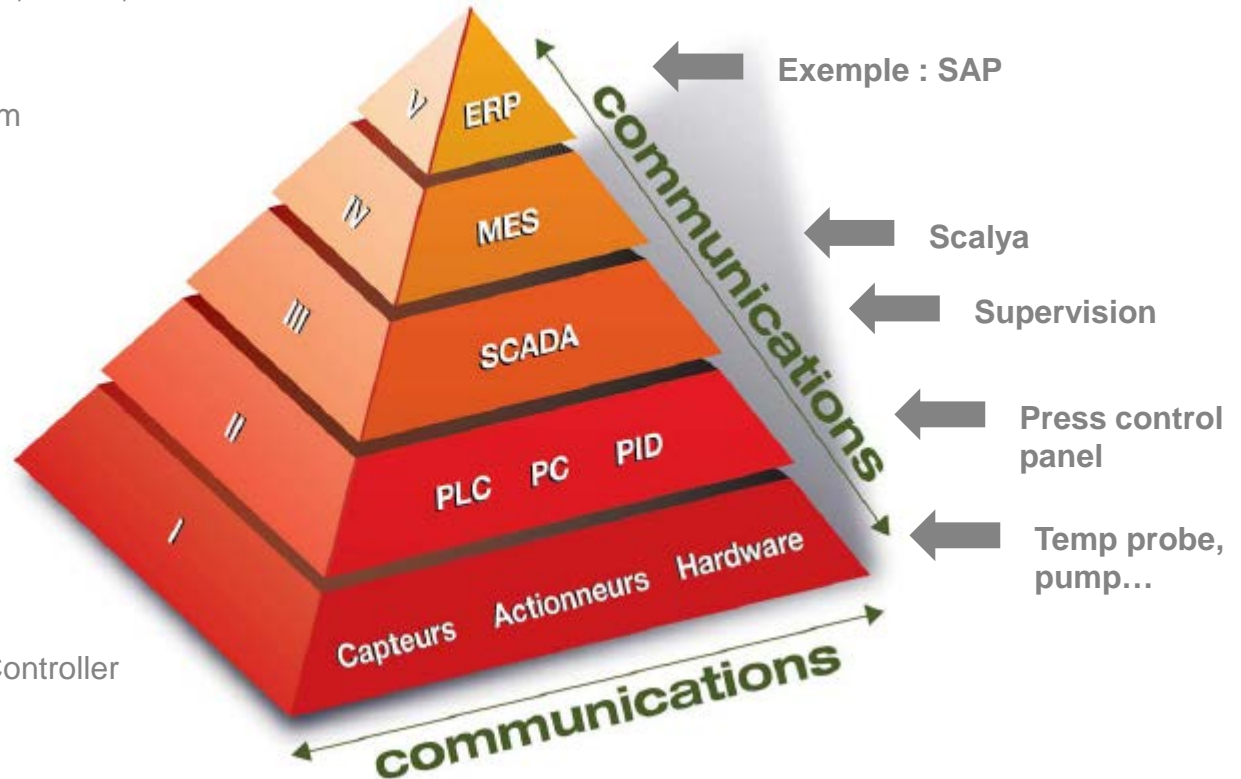
# CIM (COMPUTER INTEGRATED MANUFACTURING)

**V ERP =** Entrepise Resource Planning  
Plan all ressources of the company (sales, admin, HR....)

**IV MES =** Manufacturing Execution System  
Data acquisition  
Scheduling  
Flow charts  
Traceability  
Quality control  
Process management  
Performance analysis  
Document management  
Maintenance management

**III SCADA =** Supervisory Control And Data Acquisition

**II Automate =** PLC Programmable Logic Controller



**BEING A SMALL WINERY OR THE  
LARGEST ONE DOES NOT PREVENT  
YOU TO ASK :**

**WHY DO WE NEED IT ?**

**WHAT DO WE NEED ?**

**HOW THIS WILL INCORPORATE THE  
WINERY ? PHYSICALLY, PROCESS,  
HUMAN...**

**GOING BEYOND ?**

## WHY DO WE NEED IT ? IN MOST CASES IT WILL BE LINKED TO...

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QUALITY ?



VOLUME ?

COSTS ?



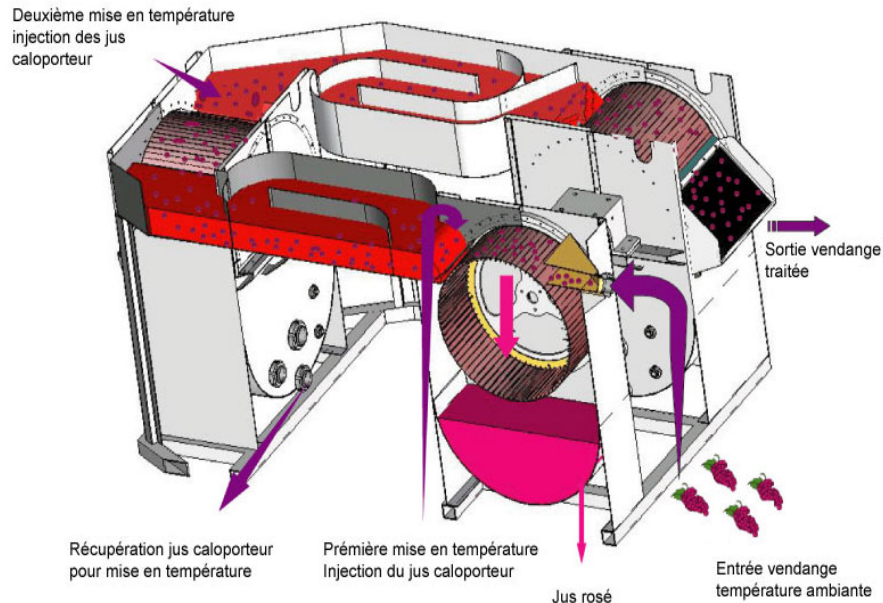
TIME ?

EFFORTS ?



ALL ?

# FIRST EXAMPLE AROUND QUALITY— PREVENTING DEFECTS AND CONSTANT IMPROVEMENT



When grape heating appeared in Europe it was created to correct a defect by destroying Laccase in grape and juices.

Then it appeared to be efficient in evaporating partially pyrazines.

As most of the time a vacuum filter was used behind with little control it ended up with Amilc wines which flourished for a while

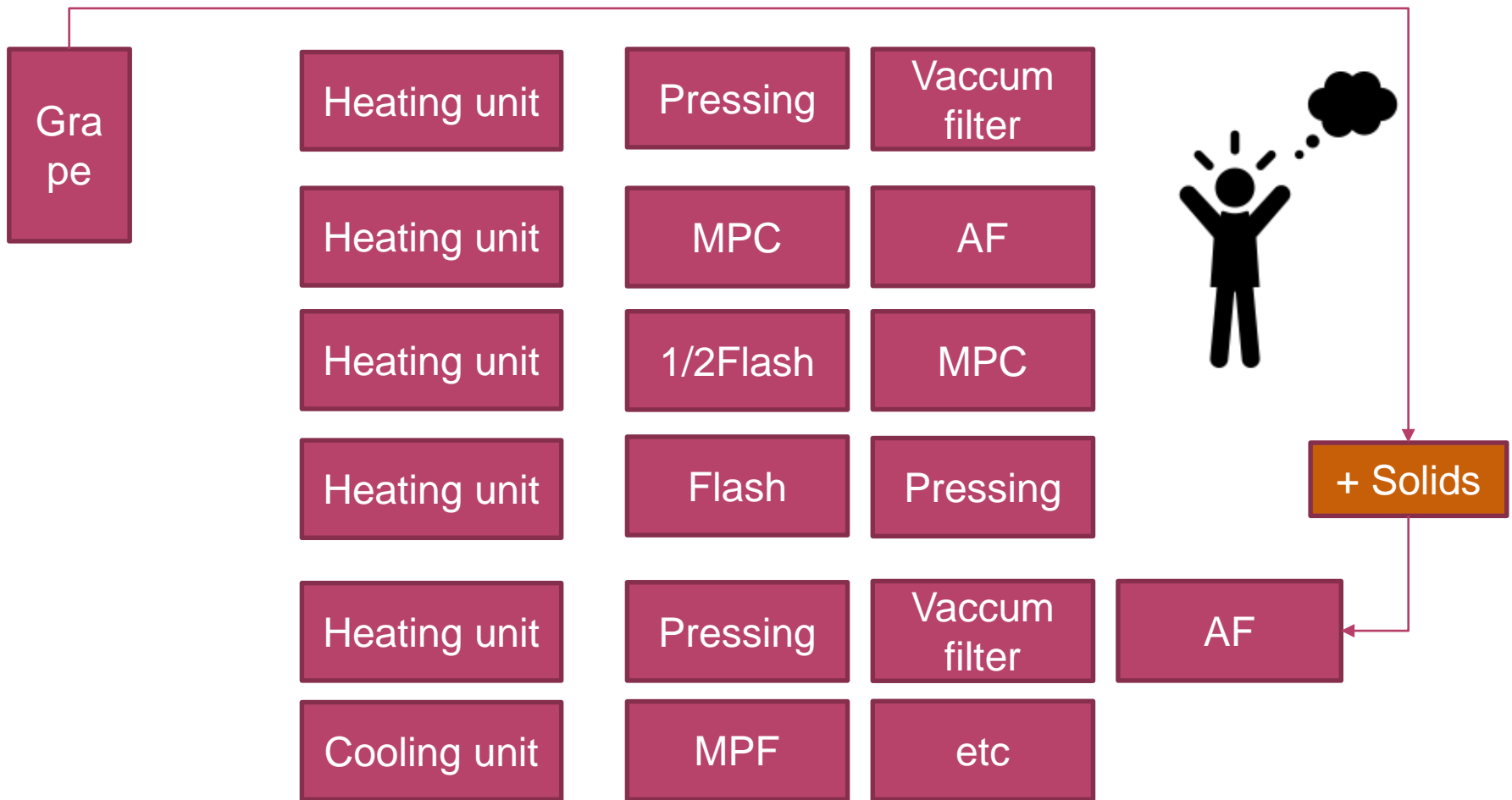
But controlling metrics or when added heated maceration, and or flash and you can now use it in many different ways, solids AF (MPC), AF in liquid phase (Thermo), Thermo-mix....

## FROM 1 PROCESS

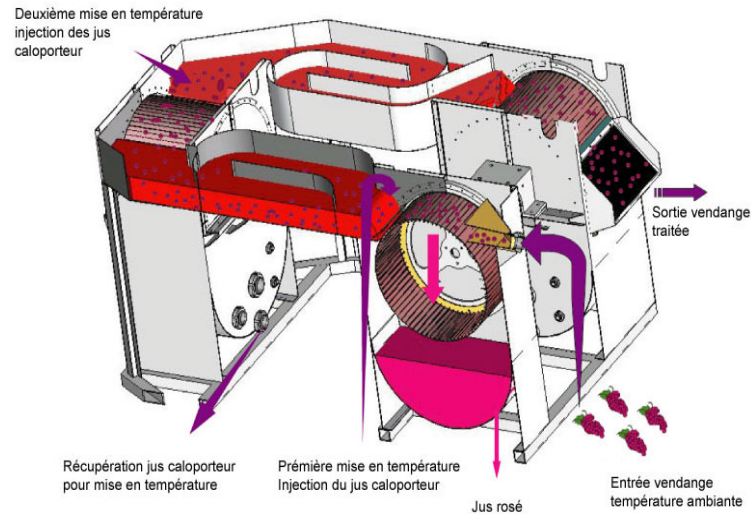
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# TOO MANY PROCESS



# FIRST EXAMPLE AROUND QUALITY– PREVENTING DEFECTS



Immediate technology impact

Laccase and pyrazines

Knowledge and process impact  
using the technology

Solid AF, Liquid AF, Mix –  
different wine styles and  
production efficiency



## WHAT FINAL IMPACT

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QUALITY ?



COSTS ?

VOLUME ?



TIME ?



EFFORTS ?



ALL - YES...Hey,  
things never look that  
easy

Impact of K\$  
per year – ROI  
< 3 y



vivelys

TASTE THE INNOVATION

## CONCLUSION OF FIRST EXAMPLE

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A technology can have a primary use for which it has been created but may be applied in very different ways. So, you may be using 20% of the technology.

In order to choose, decide what it good for me, in terms of technology, and process one should look to understand:

What product definition am I looking for ? (Wine style or profile)

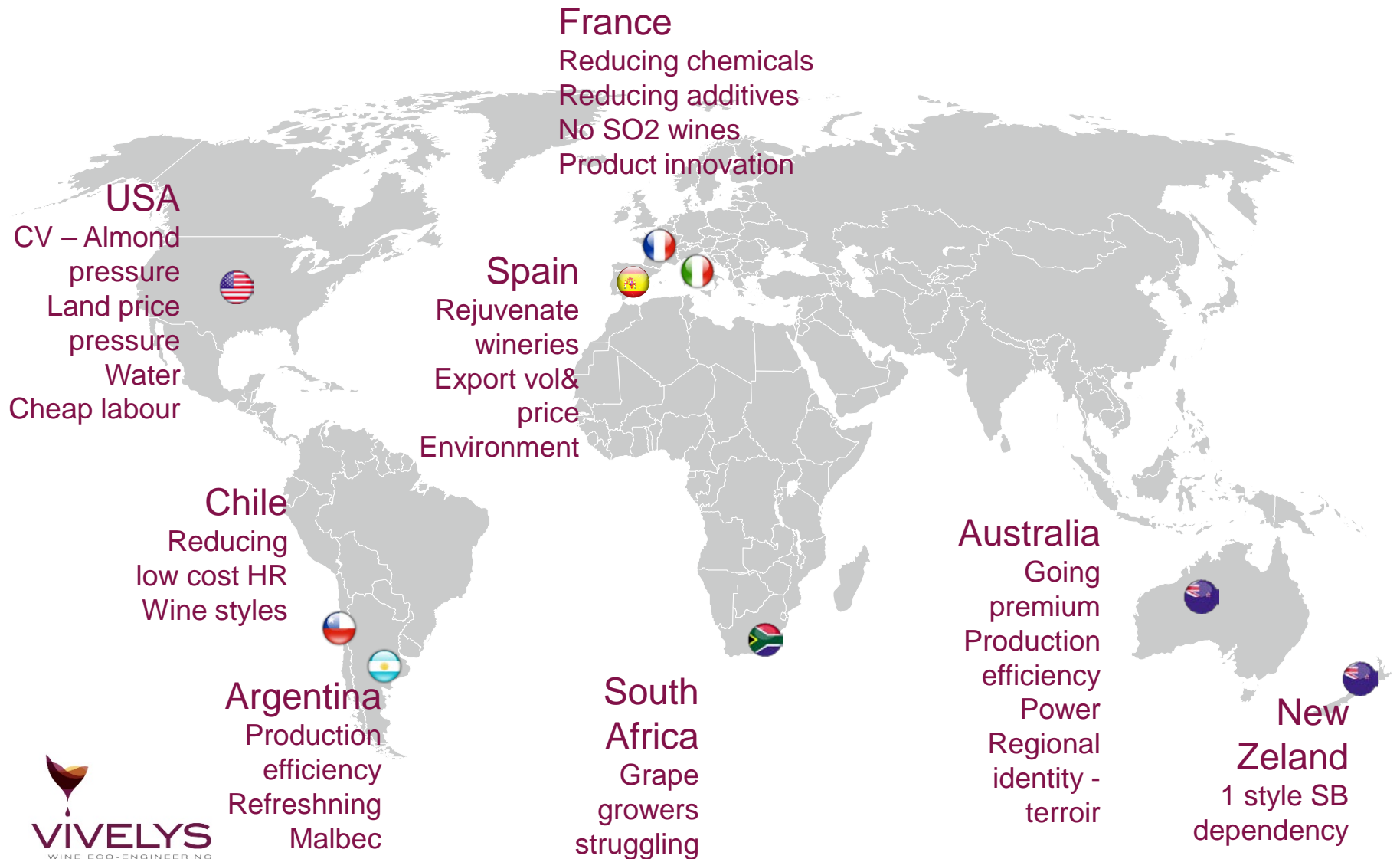
What consequences in terms of production from final blend to grape ? (cost, human, ...)

Which parameters will help me to reach the final goal and what decision system will help me ?

How will I be more efficient tomorrow ? ROI ?

**PRIMARY TECHNOLOGY FUNCTIONS ARE  
OFTEN THE RESULTS OF LOCAL PROBLEMS**

# WORLD CHALLENGES



## WORLD CHALLENGES

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**And everywhere:**

**Climate change**

**Consumer awareness**

**Energy**

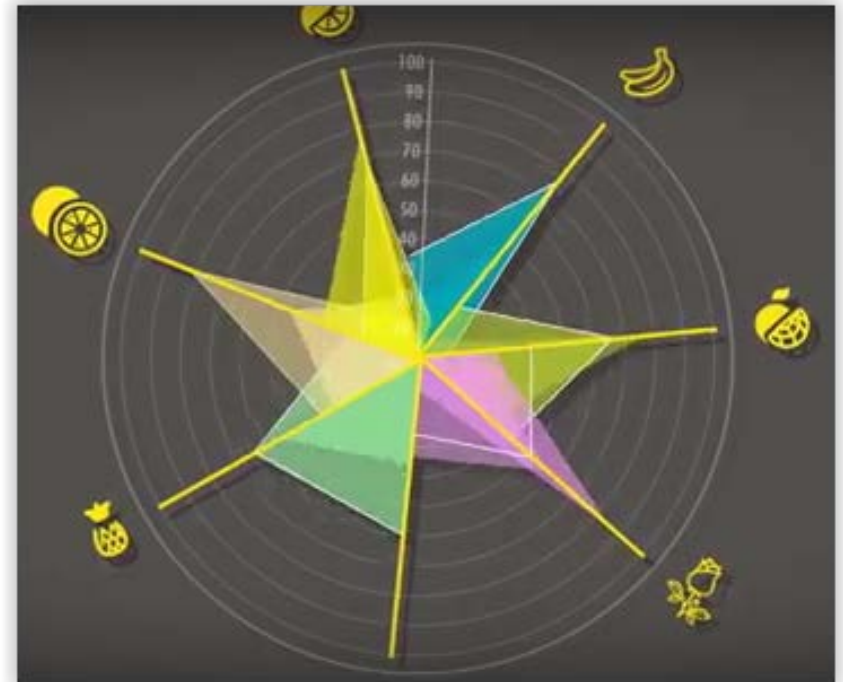
## SECOND EXAMPLE AROUND QUALITY – MARKETING TO PRODUCTION - IMPROVING PRODUCTS

Context: A fierce European bulk market competition.

A growing pressure on grape growers.

A South- West of France bulk company linking marketing to their production.

A need to create value linking market to production.



## SECOND EXAMPLE AROUND QUALITY – MARKETING TO PRODUCTION - IMPROVING QUALITY

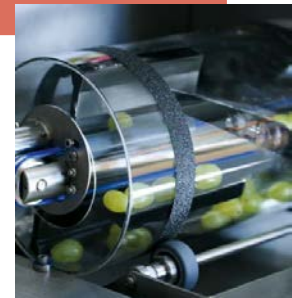
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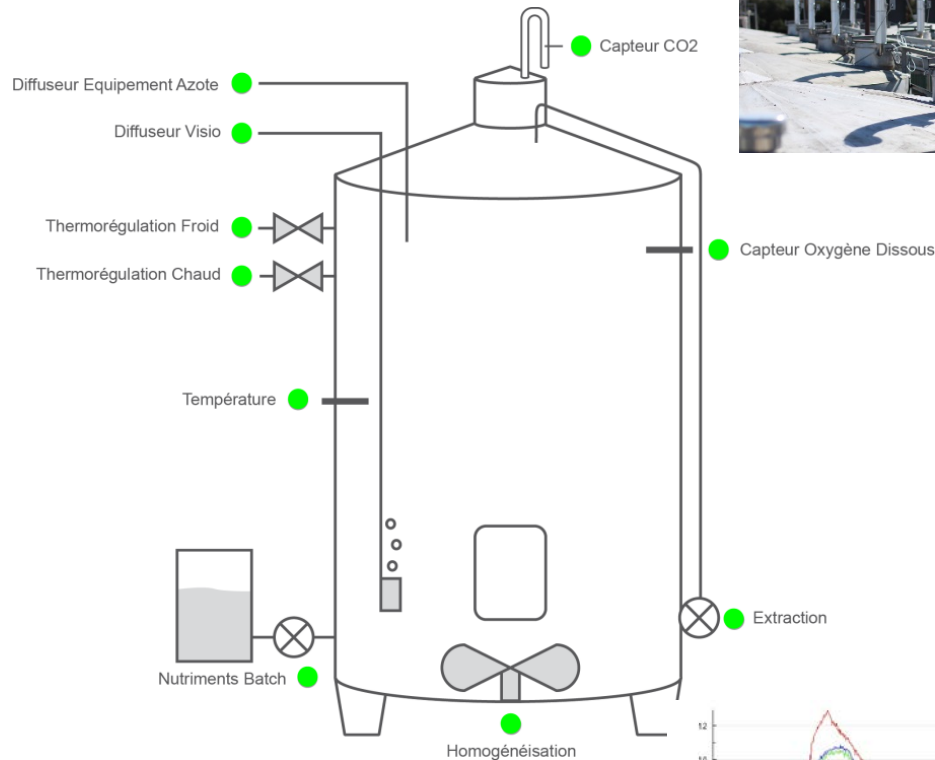
This creates a range of  
SB & Colombard wines  
on specific wine styles  
& price range



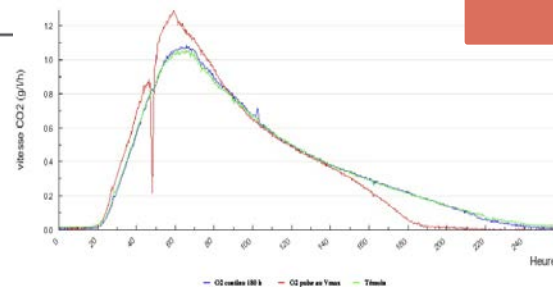
Harvest management  
has been key



# SECOND EXAMPLE AROUND QUALITY – MARKETING TO PRODUCTION - IMPROVING QUALITY



AF under strict real time monitoring





# SECOND EXAMPLE AROUND QUALITY – MARKETING TO PRODUCTION - IMPROVING QUALITY



Product goal SauvBlanc (voir standards sensoriels)				Super Premium
Objectif Technique				Fresh SB varietal flavours Mix process with thiol_fermentative reductive to be applied. Grape class are SL stop at high TAP and harvest D+8 high hue or blocks in SL with thiols hue more advanced. Winemaking proces head on mix of 3MH/ Ac-3MH
1	2	3	4	
Process stage	Mastering	Parameters	System/ tools	
Harvest	Grape characteristics	Maturation physiologique (chgmt/arrêt)	Dyostem	Bordeaux-Maturation (voir standards sensoriels)
		Teinte		
		TAP arrêt		
		Elements d'équilibre :	Mesure chimique	1.100 1.100 1.100
		TAVP		
		AT		
		Nass	Evaluation Terrain	Bordeaux-Maturation (voir standards sensoriels) Bordeaux-Maturation (voir standards sensoriels)
		Etat Sanitaire		
		Rendement	Pesée	
Reception	-			Bordeaux-Maturation (voir standards sensoriels)
Pre ferment maceration	Extraction mgt	Mise en œuvre (O/N)	non mesurable	Bordeaux-Maturation (voir standards sensoriels)
		T°C de macération		
		Temps de macération		
Pressing	Extraction mgt	Programme pressurage	-	Bordeaux-Maturation (voir standards sensoriels)
		Sélection gouttes	-	
Pre ferment work – cold soak	Extraction mgt	Mise en œuvre		Prevision
		Temps (j)		Prevision
		T°C (°C)		1.100
		Turbidité cible (NTU)	Turbidimètre	Bordeaux-Maturation (voir standards sensoriels)
		Rendement réel cuve	Pesée	
Af start	Propagation	souche de levure		No. 1.100
		dose		100 g/l
		concentration cellulaire		
	Aromatic mgt	Turbidité cible (NTU)	Turbidimètre	Bordeaux-Maturation (voir standards sensoriels)
	Nitrogen mgt	Nass (mg/L)	Mesure chimique	Bordeaux-Maturation (voir standards sensoriels)
		Correction azotée @ levurage (g/Hl)	Surveillance soft Scalya	voir BAP pour details 100 g/l
		Correction azotée @ Post Vmax (g/Hl)	Surveillance soft Scalya	à voir Bordeaux-Maturation (voir standards sensoriels) Bordeaux-Maturation (voir standards sensoriels)

## CONCLUSION OF SECOND EXAMPLE

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By working together between marketing and production, product definition has been improved. A common internal vocabulary has been created.

By writting down all metrics in production linked to final products, they have been able to improve process.

As a result in some products (whites) they have been able to push yields over 20 to 40% and increase product quality.

They have revised their production management.  
And they keep improving and innovating....



**TAKE DOWN BARRIERS BETWEEN  
DEPARTMENTS – W.E.DEMING**

**DON'T BE AFRAID TO CHANGE !**

# AN IMPACT ON WINE PRODUCTION – FROM VERTICAL

## Traceability

## Traceability

### Objectives of production

Vineyard data  
Grapes analyses  
Weather conditions  
Logistics



Grapes lots / qualities  
Harvest date

### Objectives of production

Grapes lots / qualities  
Reception analyses  
Logistics, tasting



Extraction management  
(press programs, juice fraction  
selection, maceration time)

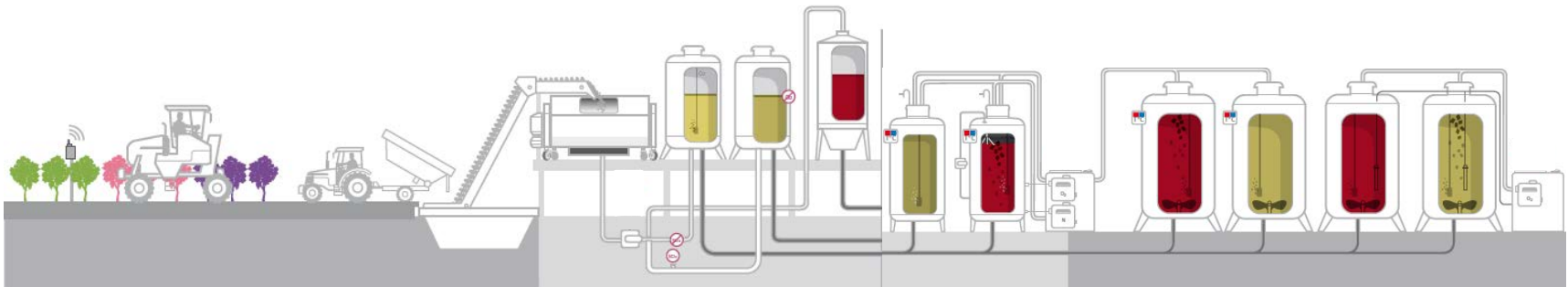
Fermentation management  
(yeast strain, T°C, supply)

### Objectives of production

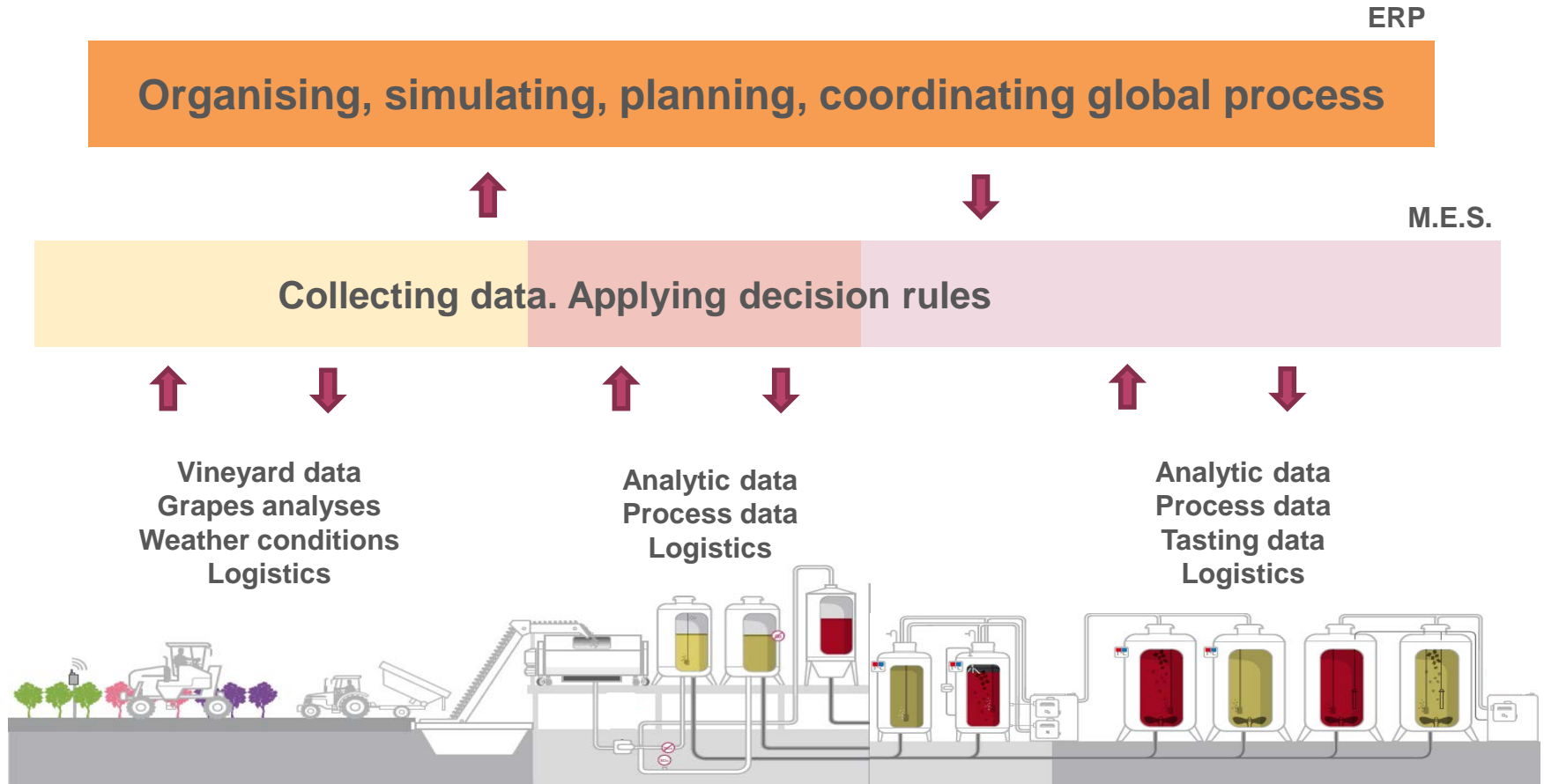
Wine batch/ quality  
Wine analyses  
Marketing  
Tasting



Ageing management  
(T°C, O2, oak, lees)

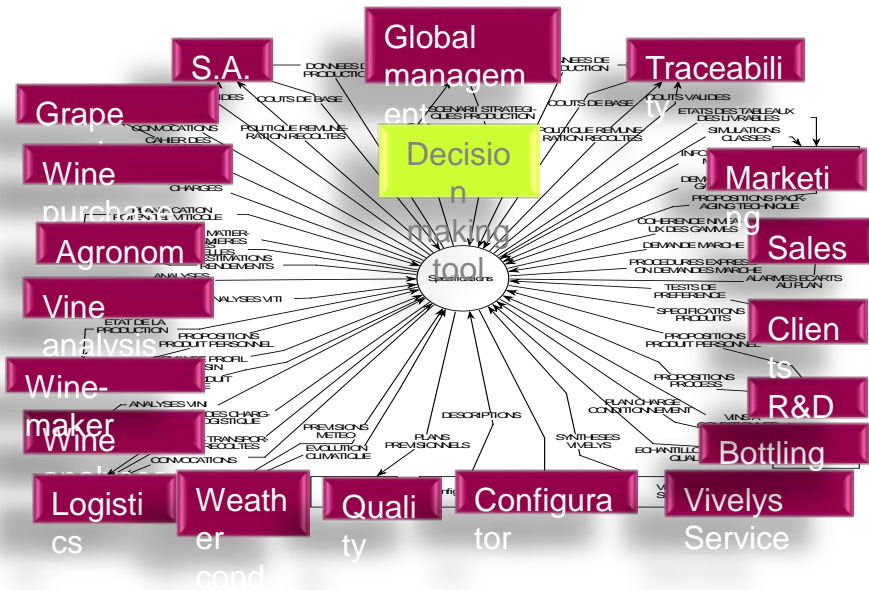


# TO TRANSVERSAL. NEED OF MES, AND LATER ERP



**AND TOMORROW !**

# TOMORROW



## ERP

## & later Numerical Humanity !!

## CONCLUSION 1

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LEARNING



MEASURING



ALLIANCE



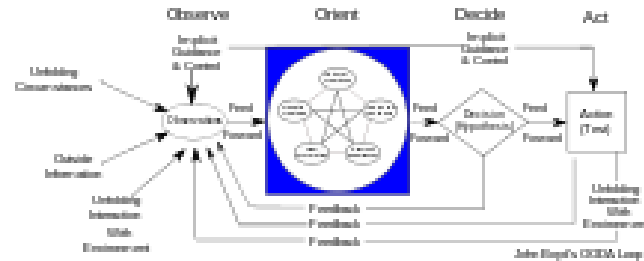


WHAT ABOUT TERROIR ?

IS IT WORTH IT \$WISE ?

## CONCLUSION 3 - SOME REFERENCES...

John Boyd – OODA loop



W.E. DEMING – The 14 Key principles/ 7 deadly diseases.

Walter A. Shewhart – PDCA/ PDSA

Raymond Vaillancourt – About uncertainty and changement  
(french sorry ! And from Quebec even tougher !)

[www.cio.com](http://www.cio.com)

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ALONE YOU WILL GO FASTER,  
TOGETHER WE WILL GO FURTHER.

African Expression



**THANKS !!**

**THOMAS@VIVELYS.COM**



TASTE THE INNOVATION